

PRODUCTION AND DELIVERIES OF ENERGY PRODUCTS, NOVEMBER 2016^{1,2}

Production of energy products

In November 2016 compared to October 2016 an increase is reported for the production of:

- unleaded motor gasoline by 1.8% to 168 thousand tonnes;
- transport diesel by 2.2% to 277 thousand tonnes;
- natural gas by 37.5% to 11 million m³;
- electricity by 5.6% to 3 853 GWh.

A decrease is reported for the production of:

• solid fuels - by 1.7% to 3 467 thousand tonnes.

No change for the production of liquefied petroleum gases (Annex, Table 1).

In November 2016 compared to November 2015 an increase is reported for the production of:

- solid fuels by 6.3%;
- liquefied petroleum gases by 12.5%;
- unleaded motor gasoline by 11.3%;
- transport diesel by 25.3%;
- natural gas by 83.3%.

A decrease is reported for the production of:

• electricity - by 0.7%.

Deliveries of energy products

In November 2016 compared to October 2016 an increase is reported for the deliveries of:

- transport diesel by 7.8% to 193 thousand tonnes;
- natural gas by 22.3% to 334 million m³;
- electricity by 10.4% to 3 035 GWh.

A decrease is reported for the deliveries of:

- solid fuels by 1.3% to 3 574 thousand tonnes;
- unleaded motor gasoline by 17.8% to 37 thousand tonnes.

No change for the deliveries of liquefied petroleum gases (Annex, Table 2).

¹ The survey on energy products is conducted every month in accordance with the Regulation (EO) No. 1099/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 October 2008 on energy statistics, amended by the Commission Regulation (EU) No. 147/2013 of 13 February 2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the implementation of updates for the monthly and annual energy statistics. The survey aims to submit information on the production and inland deliveries of the main energy products - electricity, solid fuels, natural gas and petroleum products. The reporting units are producers, importers and exporters of energy products. Production and deliveries of the energy products are the main observed indicators.

² Data series can be found on the NSI website: <u>www.nsi.bg</u>, section Energy/Data.



In November 2016 compared to November 2015 an increase is reported for the deliveries of:

- solid fuels by 7.3%;
- liquefied petroleum gases by 40.0%;
- natural gas by 11.3%;
- electricity by 7.6%.

A decrease is reported for the deliveries of:

- unleaded motor gasoline by 11.9%;
- transport diesel by 3.5%.



Methodological notes

Solid fuels

Production - includes Hard coal, Lignite and Solid fuels from coal. Producers report quantities calculated after any operation for removal of inert matter.

Deliveries - quantities delivered to the internal market. They are equal to the total of the deliveries to the different types of consumers: producers' own use, main activity power stations, coking plants and patent fuel plants, industry, iron and steel industry and others.

Petroleum products

Production - includes production of finished products at a refinery or blending plant.

Deliveries - wholesale deliveries to the domestic market of finished petroleum products from producers, importers/exporters.

Deliveries of petroleum products are defined as: primary product receipts + gross refinery output + recycled products - refinery fuel + imports - exports - international marine bunkers + interproduct transfers - products transferred - stock changes.

Natural gas

Production - includes all dry marketable production within national boundaries, including offshore production. Production is measured after purification and extraction of NGLs and sulphur. Excludes extraction losses and quantities reinjected, vented or flared. Includes quantities used within the natural gas industry; in gas extraction, pipeline systems and processing plants.

Deliveries - total natural gas, distributed for the internal market, including own use and losses. This is defined as: *Indigenous production* + *Imports* – *Exports* – *Stock change*.

Data are presented in million cubic metres assuming reference gas conditions 15° C and 101.325 kPa.

Electricity

Production - includes produced electricity from Thermal power plants, Nuclear power plant, Hydro power plants, Pumped storage plant and electricity, obtained from wind generators and solar panels. *Deliveries* - sum of net produced electricity and net import.



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Annex

Table 1

roduction of energy products															
	Measure	2015		2016											
		XI	XII	Ι	Π	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	
Solid fuels	thousand tonnes	3262	3739	3575	2843	1919	2058	2059	1934	2515	2511	2564	3528	3467	
Total petroleum products	thousand tonnes	595	558	573	591	150	628	663	669	644	592	591	636	613	
of which:															
Liquefied petroleum gases	thousand tonnes	8	8	9	9	2	9	8	9	11	9	8	9	9	
Unleaded motor gasoline	thousand tonnes	151	156	174	153	26	151	158	159	156	147	162	165	168	
Transport diesel	thousand tonnes	221	207	225	207	70	239	262	237	240	200	245	271	277	
Natural gas	million m ³	6	6	8	6	6	6	7	6	6	7	8	8	11	
Electricity	GWh	3879	4476	4697	3706	3564	2944	3094	3427	3648	3683	3534	3648	3853	

Production of energy products

Table 2

Deliveries of energy products

	Measure	2015		2016											
		XI	XII	Ι	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	Х	XI	
Solid fuels	thousand tonnes	3331	3857	3680	2918	2000	2125	2118	2002	2578	2574	2635	3620	3574	
Total petroleum products	thousand tonnes	341	341	227	220	296	319	312	286	422	377	322	325	333	
of which:															
Liquefied petroleum gases	thousand tonnes	30	38	38	33	44	44	44	37	46	47	44	42	42	
Unleaded motor gasoline	thousand tonnes	42	50	30	30	36	48	44	22	53	44	50	45	37	
Transport diesel	thousand tonnes	200	193	110	107	153	164	154	156	243	196	153	179	193	
Natural gas	million m ³	300	364	408	304	296	231	230	200	163	167	198	273	334	
Electricity	GWh	2821	3191	3732	2974	3004	2432	2419	2388	2585	2565	2421	2750	3035	



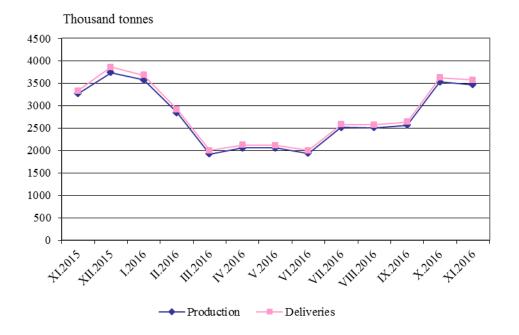
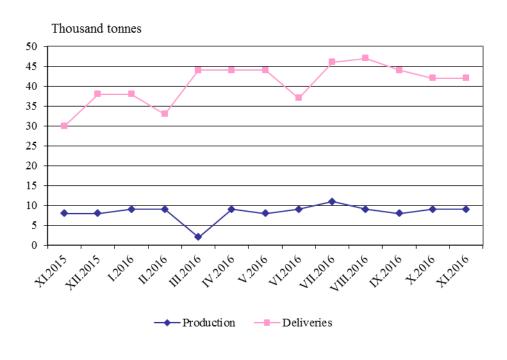


Figure 1. Production and deliveries of solid fuels

Figure 2. Production and deliveries of liquefied petroleum gases





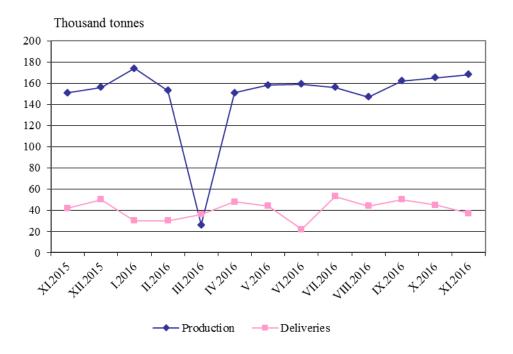
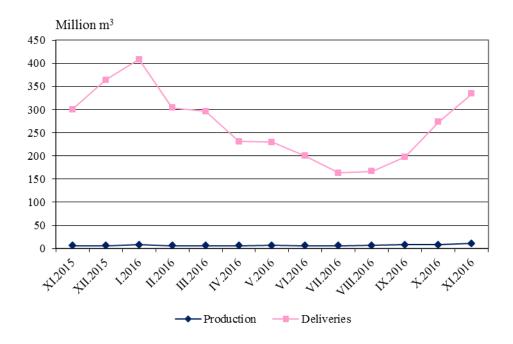




Figure 4. Production and deliveries of transport diesel







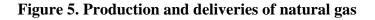


Figure 6. Production and deliveries of electricity

