

INFLATION AND CONSUMER PRICE INDICES IN MAY 2019

Consumer price index (CPI)

The **consumer price index** in May 2019 compared to April 2019 was 100.1%, i.e. the monthly inflation was 0.1%. The inflation rate since the beginning of the year (May 2019 compared to December 2018) has been 1.8% and the annual inflation in May 2019 compared to May 2018 was 3.5% (Figure 1 and Annex, Table 1).

The annual average inflation, measured by CPI, in the last 12 months (June 2018 - May 2019) compared to the previous 12 months (June 2017 - May 2018) was 3.3%.

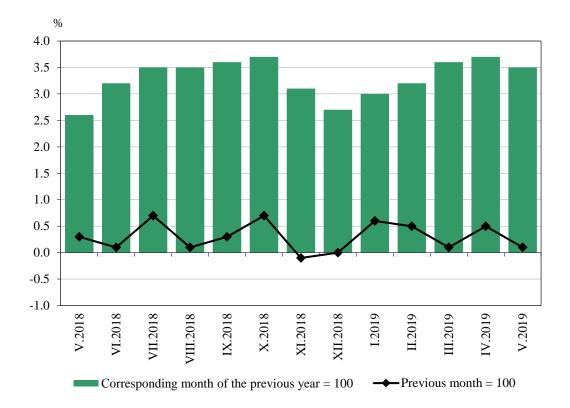


Figure 1. Inflation measured by CPI by months

In May 2019 compared to the previous month the prices of goods and services in the main consumer groups changed as follows:

- Food and non-alcoholic beverages an increase of 0.3%;
- Alcoholic beverages and tobacco the prices remained at the level of the previous month;
- Clothing and footwear an increase of 0.4%;
- Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels the prices remained at the level of the previous month;



- Furnishings, household equipment and routine maintenance of the house an increase of 0.2%;
 - Health an increase of 0.1%;
 - Transport an increase of 1.2%;
 - Communications a decrease of 1.0%;
 - Recreation and culture a decrease of 1.4%;
 - Education the prices remained at the level of the previous month;
 - Restaurants and hotels an increase of 0.6%;
 - Miscellaneous goods and service the prices remained at the level of the previous month.

Harmonized index of consumer prices (HICP)

The **harmonized index of consumer prices** in May 2019 compared to April 2019 was 100.2%, i.e. the monthly inflation was 0.2%. The inflation rate since the beginning of the year (May 2019 compared to December 2018) has been 1.5% and the annual inflation in May 2019 compared to May 2018 was 2.9% (Annex, Table 2).

The annual average inflation, measured by HICP, in the last 12 months (June 2018 - May 2019) compared to the previous 12 months (June 2017 - May 2018) was 3.0%.

In terms of HICP, in May 2019 compared to the previous month the prices of goods and services in the main consumer groups changed as follows:

- Food and non-alcoholic beverages an increase of 0.3%;
- Alcoholic beverages and tobacco the prices remained at the level of the previous month;
- Clothing and footwear an increase of 0.4%;
- Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels the prices remained at the level of the previous month;
- \bullet Furnishings, household equipment and routine maintenance of the house a decrease of 0.1%:
 - Health the prices remained at the level of the previous month;
 - Transport an increase of 0.5%;
 - Communications a decrease of 1.0%;
 - Recreation and culture a decrease of 0.9%;
 - Education the prices remained at the level of the previous month;
 - Restaurants and hotels an increase of 1.1%;
 - Miscellaneous goods and service the prices remained at the level of the previous month.





Price index of a small basket (PISB)

The **price index of a small basket** in May 2019 compared to April 2019 was 100.0% and the overall increase since the beginning of the year (May 2019 compared to December 2018) has been 103.0% (Annex, Table 3).

In May 2019 compared to the previous month the prices of goods and services in the small basket for the 20% households with the lowest income changed as follows:

- Food products the prices remained at the level of the previous month;
- Non-food products a decrease of 0.1%;
- Services the prices remained at the level of the previous month.





Methodological notes

The **consumer price index (CPI)** is the official measure of inflation in the Republic of Bulgaria. It measures the total relative price change of goods and services used by households for private (non-production) consumption and is calculated by applying the structure of the final monetary consumption expenditures of Bulgarian households. The main source of information for the expenditures is the household budget survey in the country. CPI in year t is calculated with the expenditures structure of year t-1.

The Harmonized Index of Consumer Prices (HICP) is the comparable measure of inflation across EU Member states. It is one of the criterions of price stability and readiness of Bulgaria to join the eurozone. HICP, as well as CPI, measure the total relative price change of goods and services. Both indices are calculated using the same basket of goods and services, but differ with respect to the weights used. HICP is calculated through the use of weights, which reflect the individual and the collective consumption of all households (incl. institutional and foreign households) on the economic territory of the country. The main source of information for HICP weights is the national accounts data. HICP in year *t* is calculated with the weights of year *t-2*.

In compliance with Regulation (EC) No 2015/2010 since January 2016 the base year for HICP has been changed and the all indices have been calculated and published at 2015 as a base year. The time series have been recalculated according to the new base year and have been posted on the NSI website (www.nsi.bg).

The **Price Index of a Small Basket (PISB)** is a measurement of the relative average price changes of 100 socially useful and vital for living goods and services. The weights of this index reflect the expenditures of the 20% lowest household's incomes. The source of weights information is the Households Budget Survey in the country. This index in year *t* is calculated with the weights of year *t-1*.

The **chain** consumer price indices measure the price change in the current month compared to the previous month. The chain consumer price indices are used as a measure of **monthly inflation**.

The **12-month** consumer price indices measure the price changes occurring between the current month and the same month of the previous year. The 12-months consumer price indices are used as a measure of **annual inflation.**

Consumer price indices **over December of the previous year** measure the accumulated changes in prices of the current month with respect to December of the previous year. Consumer price indices over December of the previous year are used as measures of the **inflation since the beginning of the year.** In December of each year, the 12-months index is equal to the index over December of the previous year.

The **annual average** consumer price indices measure the average price change during the 12 months of the current year compared to the average price change during the 12 months of the previous year. The annual average consumer price indices are used as a measure of the **annual average inflation.**





Annex

Table 1
Consumer price indices in May 2019

(Per cent)

		May 2019		
	2010	Previous	December	Corresponding
Commodity groups	2018	month = 100	2018 = 100	month of the
	weights			previous year
				= 100
00 Total CPI	100.000	100.1	101.8	103.5
01 Food and non-alcoholic beverages	30.283	100.3	104.9	105.8
02 Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	4.957	100.0	100.1	101.6
03 Clothing and footwear	4.164	100.4	100.1	99.0
04 Housing, water, electricity, gas and other				
fuels	17.139	100.0	100.4	104.4
05 Furnishings, household equipment and				
routine household maintenance	4.890	100.2	100.6	100.9
06 Health	6.762	100.1	100.4	100.8
07 Transport	9.736	101.2	104.4	102.5
08 Communication	5.263	99.0	98.3	100.0
09 Recreation and culture	5.478	98.6	95.2	103.4
10 Education	0.441	100.0	101.0	102.6
11 Restaurants and hotels	6.013	100.6	101.9	105.4
12 Miscellaneous goods and service	4.875	100.0	101.0	102.6
Foods	31.550	100.2	104.7	105.6
Non-foods	35.206	100.4	101.3	101.5
Catering	5.363	100.4	102.0	105.0
Services	27.881	99.6	99.3	103.3





Table 2 Harmonized indices of consumer prices in May 2019

			May 2019			
Con	mmodity groups	2017 weights	2015 = 100	Previous month = 100	December 2018 = 100	Corresponding month of the previous year = 100
		% 0		•	⁰ / ₀	
00	Total HICP	1000.000	104.76	100.2	101.5	102.9
01	Food and non-alcoholic beverages	218.722	111.17	100.3	104.5	105.3
02	Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	63.672	107.60	100.0	100.2	101.7
03	Clothing and footwear	36.738	99.72	100.4	100.2	99.5
04	Housing, water, electricity, gas and					
	other fuels	109.578	109.00	100.0	100.6	104.3
05	Furnishings, household equipment					
	and routine household maintenance	59.339	100.29	99.9	100.3	100.7
06	Health	72.663	101.07	100.0	100.4	100.7
07	Transport	154.714	98.47	100.5	103.0	101.5
08	Communication	56.326	92.46	99.0	98.3	97.5
09	Recreation and culture	72.406	99.42	99.1	97.4	102.1
10	Education	13.638	112.22	100.0	100.8	102.5
11	Restaurants and hotels	84.977	113.21	101.1	101.8	106.4
12	Miscellaneous goods and service	57.227	108.62	100.0	101.0	104.8



Table 3

Price indices of 100 socially useful and vital for the living goods and services in the small basket for the 20% lowest income households in May 2019

(Per cent)

	1	(1 cr cent)	
		May 2019	
		Previous month	
Commodity groups	2018	= 100	
Commounty groups	weights		
	100.000	100.0	
Total PISB	100.000	100.0	
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	48.694	100.0	
Clothing and footwear	3.751	99.9	
Housing, water, electricity, gas and			
other fuels	28.306	100.0	
Furnishings, household equipment and			
routine household maintenance	2.292	98.7	
Health	10.456	100.1	
Transport	1.408	100.1	
Communication	0.287	100.0	
Recreation and culture	0.607	100.0	
Miscellaneous goods and service	4.199	100.0	
Foods	48.694	100.0	
Non-foods	29.427	99.9	
Services			
Services	21.879	100.0	