



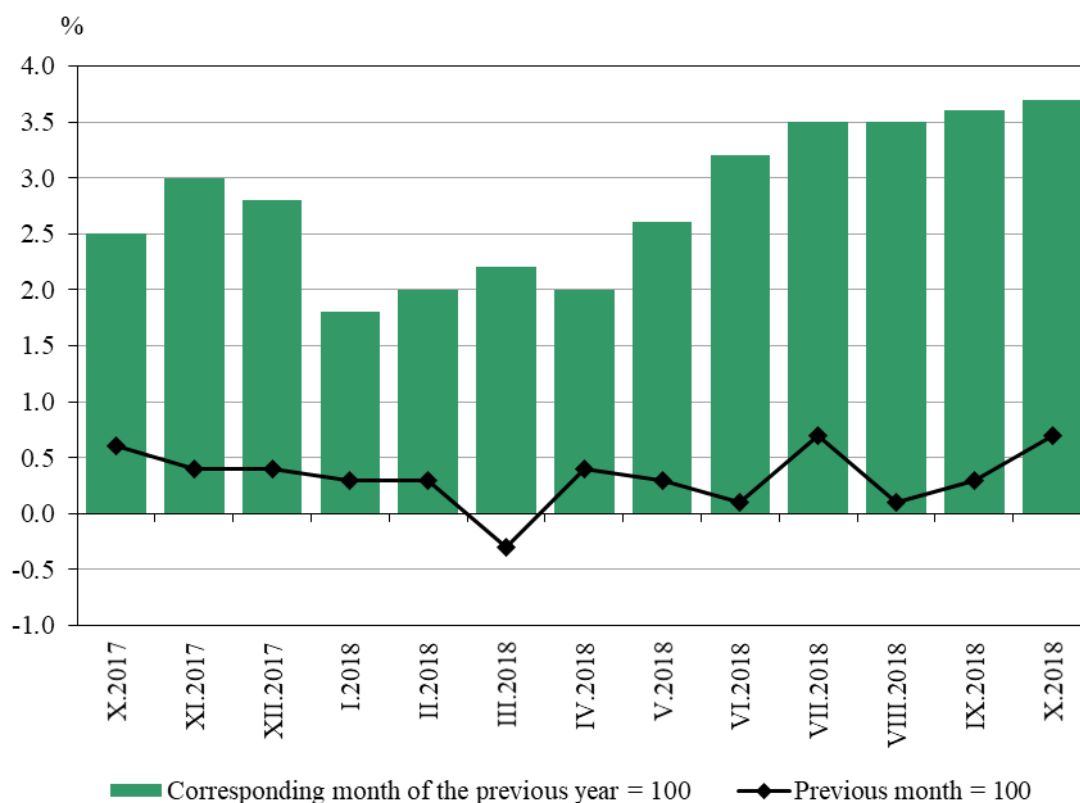
INFLATION AND CONSUMER PRICE INDICES IN OCTOBER 2018

Consumer price index (CPI)

The **consumer price index** in October 2018 compared to September 2018 was 100.7%, i.e. the monthly inflation was 0.7%. The inflation rate since the beginning of the year (October 2018 compared to December 2017) has been 2.8% and the annual inflation in October 2018 compared to October 2017 was 3.7% (Figure 1 and Annex, Table 1).

The annual average inflation, measured by CPI, in the last 12 months (November 2017 - October 2018) compared to the previous 12 months (November 2016 - October 2017) was 2.8%.

Figure 1. Inflation measured by CPI by months



In October 2018 compared to the previous month the prices of goods and services in the main consumer groups changed as follows:

- Food and non-alcoholic beverages - the prices remained at the level of the previous month;
- Alcoholic beverages and tobacco - an increase of 0.2%;
- Clothing and footwear - an increase of 8.2%;
- Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels - an increase of 0.8%;
- Furnishings, household equipment and routine maintenance of the house - the prices remained at the level of the previous month;



- Health - the prices remained at the level of the previous month;
- Transport - a decrease of 0.1%;
- Communications - an increase of 0.1%;
- Recreation and culture - an increase of 4.7%;
- Education - a decrease of 0.1%;
- Restaurants and hotels - the prices remained at the level of the previous month;
- Miscellaneous goods and service - an increase of 0.6%.

Harmonized index of consumer prices (HICP)

The **harmonized index of consumer prices** in October 2018 compared to September 2018 was 100.2%, i.e. the monthly inflation was 0.2%. The inflation rate since the beginning of the year (October 2018 compared to December 2017) has been 2.6% and the annual inflation in October 2018 compared to October 2017 was 3.6% (Annex, Table 2).

The annual average inflation, measured by HICP, in the last 12 months (November 2017 - October 2018) compared to the previous 12 months (November 2016 - October 2017) was 2.5%.

In terms of HICP, in October 2018 compared to the previous month the prices of goods and services in the main consumer groups changed as follows:

- Food and non-alcoholic beverages - an increase of 0.1%;
- Alcoholic beverages and tobacco - an increase of 0.1%;
- Clothing and footwear - an increase of 7.4%;
- Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels - an increase of 0.8%;
- Furnishings, household equipment and routine maintenance of the house - the prices remained at the level of the previous month;
- Health - the prices remained at the level of the previous month;
- Transport - a decrease of 1.2%;
- Communications - a decrease of 1.1%;
- Recreation and culture - an increase of 2.6%;
- Education - the prices remained at the level of the previous month;
- Restaurants and hotels - a decrease of 1.7%;
- Miscellaneous goods and service - an increase of 0.4%.



Price index of a small basket (PISB)

The **price index of a small basket** in October 2018 compared to September 2018 was 100.7% and the overall increase since the beginning of the year (October 2018 compared to December 2017) has been 102.9% (Annex, Table 3).

In October 2018 compared to the previous month the prices of goods and services in the small basket for the 20% households with the lowest income changed as follows:

- Food products - an increase of 0.7%;
- Non-food products - an increase of 1.4%;
- Services - an increase of 0.2%.



Methodological notes

The **consumer price index (CPI)** is the official measure of inflation in the Republic of Bulgaria. It measures the total relative price change of goods and services used by households for private (non-production) consumption and is calculated by applying the structure of the final monetary consumption expenditures of Bulgarian households. The main source of information for the expenditures is the household budget survey in the country. CPI in year t is calculated with the expenditures structure of year $t-1$.

The **Harmonized Index of Consumer Prices (HICP)** is the comparable measure of inflation across EU Member states. It is one of the criteria of price stability and readiness of Bulgaria to join the euro-zone. HICP, as well as CPI, measure the total relative price change of goods and services. Both indices are calculated using the same basket of goods and services, but differ with respect to the weights used. HICP is calculated through the use of weights, which reflect the individual and the collective consumption of all households (incl. institutional and foreign households) on the economic territory of the country. The main source of information for HICP weights is the national accounts data. HICP in year t is calculated with the weights of year $t-2$.

In compliance with Regulation (EC) No 2015/2010 since January 2016 the base year for HICP has been changed and the all indices have been calculated and published at 2015 as a base year. The time series have been recalculated according to the new base year and have been posted on the NSI website (www.nsi.bg).

The **Price Index of a Small Basket (PISB)** is a measurement of the relative average price changes of 100 socially useful and vital for living goods and services. The weights of this index reflect the expenditures of the 20% lowest household's incomes. The source of weights information is the Households Budget Survey in the country. This index in year t is calculated with the weights of year $t-1$.

The **chain** consumer price indices measure the price change in the current month compared to the previous month. The chain consumer price indices are used as a measure of **monthly inflation**.

The **12-month** consumer price indices measure the price changes occurring between the current month and the same month of the previous year. The 12-months consumer price indices are used as a measure of **annual inflation**.

Consumer price indices **over December of the previous year** measure the accumulated changes in prices of the current month with respect to December of the previous year. Consumer price indices over December of the previous year are used as measures of the **inflation since the beginning of the year**. In December of each year, the 12-months index is equal to the index over December of the previous year.

The **annual average** consumer price indices measure the average price change during the 12 months of the current year compared to the average price change during the 12 months of the previous year. The annual average consumer price indices are used as a measure of the **annual average inflation**.



Annex

Table 1

Consumer price indices in October 2018

(Per cent)

Commodity groups	2017 weights	October 2018		
		Previous month = 100	December 2017 = 100	Corresponding month of the previous year = 100
00 Total CPI	100.000	100.7	102.8	103.7
01 Food and non-alcoholic beverages	31.340	100.0	102.8	103.3
02 Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	5.125	100.2	103.1	103.5
03 Clothing and footwear	4.306	108.2	99.4	99.0
04 Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	18.228	100.8	103.8	104.6
05 Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance	5.100	100.0	101.7	101.8
06 Health	6.671	100.0	100.3	100.3
07 Transport	8.755	99.9	105.9	109.2
08 Communication	5.262	100.1	102.8	102.8
09 Recreation and culture	4.846	104.7	99.9	103.6
10 Education	0.550	99.9	102.4	102.4
11 Restaurants and hotels	5.042	100.0	103.9	105.3
12 Miscellaneous goods and service	4.775	100.6	103.0	103.2
Foods	32.659	100.0	102.7	103.2
Non-foods	34.579	101.7	103.2	103.9
Catering	4.554	100.8	103.5	104.2
Services	28.208	100.3	102.4	103.8



Table 2

Harmonized indices of consumer prices in October 2018

Commodity groups	2016 weights	October 2018			
		2015 = 100	Previous month = 100	December 2017 = 100	Corresponding month of the previous year = 100
				%	
00 Total HICP	1000.000	103.55	100.2	102.6	103.6
01 Food and non-alcoholic beverages	224.645	106.60	100.1	102.6	102.7
02 Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	66.908	106.79	100.1	103.0	103.4
03 Clothing and footwear	36.671	100.57	107.4	99.8	99.5
04 Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	108.800	107.44	100.8	103.5	104.2
05 Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance	58.842	100.37	100.0	101.2	101.2
06 Health	70.318	100.58	100.0	100.3	100.3
07 Transport	163.375	99.33	98.8	103.5	106.5
08 Communication	54.456	93.97	98.9	101.1	100.8
09 Recreation and culture	67.295	99.56	102.6	100.1	102.2
10 Education	12.769	111.44	100.0	102.5	102.5
11 Restaurants and hotels	81.213	110.42	98.3	104.8	107.8
12 Miscellaneous goods and service	54.708	107.31	100.4	105.8	105.9

Table 3

Price indices of 100 socially useful and vital for the living goods and services in the small basket for the 20% lowest income households in October 2018

(Per cent)

Commodity groups	2017 weights	October 2018
		Previous month = 100
Total PISB	100.000	100.7
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	48.993	100.7
Clothing and footwear	3.453	106.3
Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	28.954	100.7
Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance	2.483	99.6
Health	9.836	100.0
Transport	1.341	100.4
Communication	0.394	99.6
Recreation and culture	0.589	100.5
Miscellaneous goods and service	3.957	100.7
Foods	48.993	100.7
Non-foods	28.286	101.4
Services	22.721	100.2