



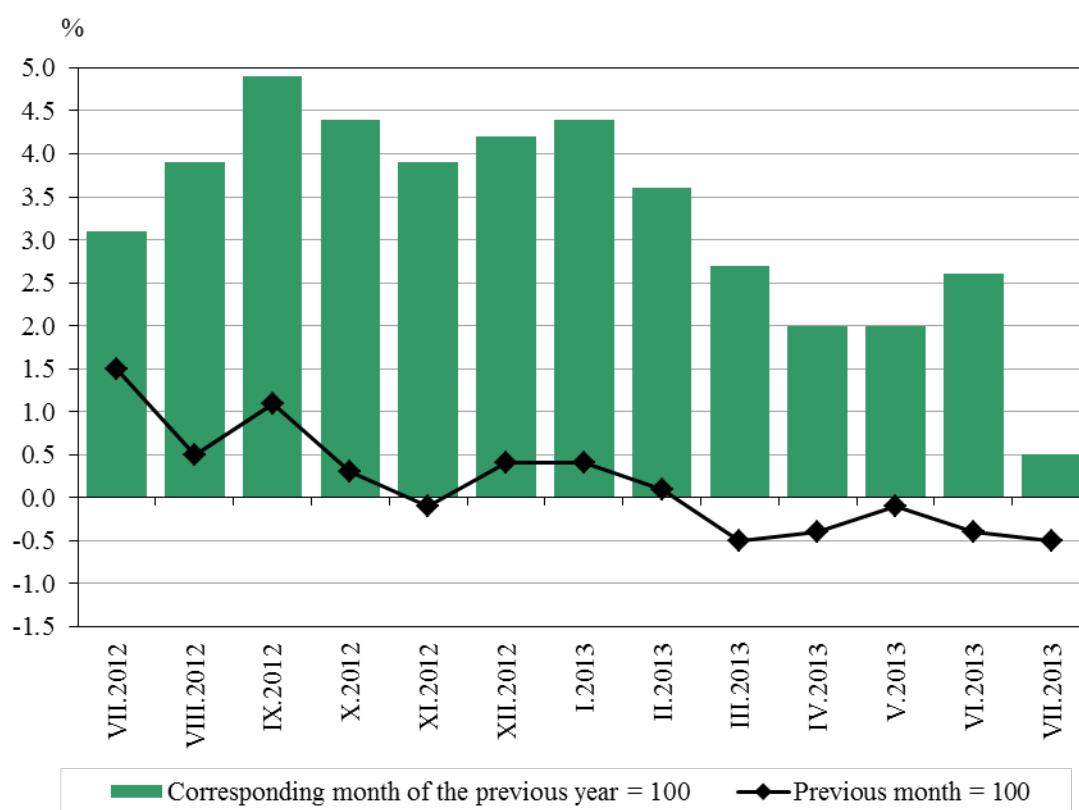
INFLATION AND CONSUMER PRICE INDICES IN JULY 2013

Consumer price index (CPI)

The **consumer price index** in July 2013 compared to June 2013 was 99.5%, i.e. the monthly inflation was -0.5%. The inflation rate since the beginning of the year (July 2013 compared to December 2012) had been -1.6% and the annual inflation in July 2013 compared to July 2012 was 0.5% (Figure 1 and Annex, Table 1).

The annual average inflation, measured by CPI, in the last 12 months (August 2012 - July 2013) compared to the previous 12 months (August 2011 - July 2012) was 3.3%.

Figure 1. Inflation measured by CPI by months



In July 2013 compared to the previous month the prices of goods and services in the main consumer groups changed as follows:

- Food and non-alcoholic beverages - a decrease of 1.6%;
- Alcoholic beverages and tobacco - an increase of 0.1%;
- Clothing and footwear - a decrease of 2.5%;
- Housing (rentals, maintenance and repair), water, electricity, gas and other fuels - the prices remained at the level of the previous month;
- Furnishings, household equipment and routine maintenance of the house - a decrease of 1.2%;



- Health - a decrease of 0.7%;
- Transport - an increase of 0.2%;
- Communications - a decrease of 0.2%;
- Recreation and culture - an increase of 4.1%;
- Education - an increase of 0.1%;
- Restaurants and hotels - an increase of 0.5%;
- Miscellaneous goods and service - an increase of 0.4%.

Harmonized index of consumer prices (HICP)

The **harmonized index of consumer prices** in July 2013 compared to June 2013 was 99.9%, i.e. the monthly inflation was -0.1%. The inflation rate since the beginning of the year (July 2013 compared to December 2012) had been -0.9% and the annual inflation in July 2013 compared to July 2012 was 0.0% (Annex, Table 2).

The annual average inflation, measured by HICP, in the last 12 months (August 2012 - July 2013) compared to the previous 12 months (August 2011 - July 2012) was 2.1%.

In terms of HICP in July 2013 compared to the previous month the prices of goods and services in the main consumer groups changed as follows:

- Food and non-alcoholic beverages - a decrease of 1.4%;
- Alcoholic beverages and tobacco - an increase of 0.2%;
- Clothing and footwear - a decrease of 2.1%;
- Housing (rentals, maintenance and repair), water, electricity, gas and other fuels - the prices remained at the level of the previous month;
- Furnishings, household equipment and routine maintenance of the house - a decrease of 0.5%;
- Health - a decrease of 0.5%;
- Transport - an increase of 0.2%;
- Communications - a decrease of 0.3%;
- Recreation and culture - an increase of 1.9%;
- Education - an increase of 0.1%;
- Restaurants and hotels - an increase of 3.4%;
- Miscellaneous goods and service - the prices remained at the level of the previous month.

Price index of a small basket (PISB)

The **price index of a small basket** in July 2013 compared to June 2013 was 98.9% and the overall decrease since the beginning of the year (July 2013 compared to December 2012) had been 97.4% (Annex, Table 3).

In July compared to the previous month the prices of goods and services in the small basket for the 20% households with the lowest income, changed as follows:

- Food products - a decrease of 1.9%;
- Non-food products - a decrease of 0.2%;
- Services - the prices remained at the level of the previous month.



Methodological notes

The **consumer price index (CPI)** is the official measure of inflation in the Republic of Bulgaria. It measures the total relative price change of goods and services used by households for private (non-production) consumption and it is calculated by applying the structure of the final monetary consumption expenditures of the Bulgarian households. The main source of information for the expenditures is the household budget survey in the country. CPI in year t is calculated with the expenditures structure of year $t-1$.

The **Harmonized Index of Consumer Prices (HICP)** is the comparable measure of inflation across EU Member states. It is one of the criteria of price stability and for readiness of Bulgaria to join the euro-zone. HICP, as well as CPI, measures the total relative price change of goods and services. Both indices are calculated using the same basket of goods and services, but differ with respect to the used weights. HICP is calculated through the use of weights, which reflect the individual and the collective consumption of all households (incl. institutional and foreign households) on the economic territory of the country. The main source of information for HICP weights is the national accounts data. HICP in year t is calculated with the weights of year $t-2$.

The **Price Index of a Small Basket (PISB)** is a measurement of the relative average price changes of 100 socially useful and vital for the living goods and services. The weights of this index reflect the expenditures of the 20% lowest income households. The source of weights information is the Households Budget Survey in the country. This index in year t is calculated with the weights of year $t-1$.

The **chain** consumer price indices measure the price change in current month compared to the previous month. The chain consumer price indices are used as a measure of **monthly inflation**.

The **12-month** consumer price indices measure the price changes having occurred between the current month and the same month of the previous year. The 12-month consumer price indices are used as a measure of **annual inflation**.

Consumer price indices **over December of the previous year** measure the accumulated changes in prices of the current month with respect to December of previous year. Consumer price indices over December of the previous year are used as measures of the **inflation since the beginning of the year**. In December of each year, the 12-month index is equal to the index over December of the previous year.

The **annual average** consumer price indices measure the average price change during the 12 months of the current year compared to the average price change during the 12 months of the previous year. The annual average consumer price indices are used as a measure of the **annual average inflation**.



Annex

Table 1

Consumer price indices in July 2013

(Per cent)

Commodity groups	2012 weights	July 2013		
		Previous month = 100	December 2012 = 100	Corresponding month of the previous year = 100
00 Total CPI	100.000	99.5	98.4	100.5
01 Food and non-alcoholic beverages	35.109	98.4	98.5	103.0
02 Alcoholic beverages, tobacco	5.360	100.1	100.6	100.7
03 Clothing and footwear	3.859	97.5	97.2	99.4
04 Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	17.845	100.0	95.1	96.6
05 Furnishing, household equipment and routine maintenance of the house	3.695	98.8	98.6	99.6
06 Health	6.410	99.3	98.2	96.3
07 Transport	8.064	100.2	99.5	99.5
08 Communications	5.456	99.8	99.6	99.6
09 Recreation and culture	4.353	104.1	100.1	100.2
10 Education	0.420	100.1	99.9	103.8
11 Restaurants and hotels	5.112	100.5	101.9	104.0
12 Miscellaneous goods and services	4.316	100.4	100.4	101.2
Foods	36.427	98.5	98.6	103.0
Non-foods	30.617	99.4	98.5	99.3
Catering	4.887	100.0	101.5	104.0
Services	28.069	100.7	97.4	97.7



Table 2

Harmonized indices of consumer prices in July 2013

Commodity groups	2012 weights	July 2013			
		2005 = 100	Previous month = 100	December 2012 = 100	Corresponding month of the previous year = 100
		%			
00 Total HICP	1000.000	144.81	99.9	99.1	100.0
01 Food and non-alcoholic beverages	222.519	152.90	98.6	98.8	102.5
02 Alcoholic beverages, tobacco	70.136	267.82	100.2	101.0	101.2
03 Clothing and footwear	32.546	129.04	97.9	97.6	99.7
04 Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	95.353	142.86	100.0	95.4	96.2
05 Furnishing, household equipment and routine maintenance of the house	64.433	115.26	99.5	98.8	99.9
06 Health	67.175	138.56	99.5	98.7	96.5
07 Transport	197.061	143.60	100.2	99.4	98.9
08 Communications	62.136	90.63	99.7	99.2	98.8
09 Recreation and culture	57.501	106.14	101.9	98.7	97.9
10 Education	9.615	177.89	100.1	99.8	103.5
11 Restaurants and hotels	70.084	168.61	103.4	103.4	104.6
12 Miscellaneous goods and services	51.441	168.07	100.0	100.1	101.0

Table 3

Price indices of 100 socially useful and vital for the living goods and services in the small basket for the 20% lowest income households in July 2013

Commodity groups	2012 weights	(Per cent)
		July 2013 Previous month = 100
Total PISB	100.000	98.9
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	56.591	98.1
Clothing and footwear	2.613	98.5
Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels	24.336	99.9
Furnishing, household equipment and routine maintenance of the house	2.357	99.5
Health	6.776	100.2
Transport	1.581	99.3
Communications	1.237	100.0
Recreation and culture	0.544	100.1
Miscellaneous goods and services	3.964	100.4
Foods	56.591	98.1
Non-foods	20.830	99.8
Services	22.579	100.0